

LRB099 06293 JLS 34003 a

Rep. Michael W. Tryon

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## AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1626 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 1626 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: "Section 5. The Victims' Economic Security and Safety Act is amended by changing Section 20 as follows:

Sec. 20. Entitlement to leave due to domestic or sexual

8 violence.

(820 ILCS 180/20)

(a) Leave requirement.

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(1) Basis. An employee who has been employed by the

employer for at least 90 days and who is a victim of

domestic or sexual violence or has a family or household

member who is a victim of domestic or sexual violence whose

interests are not adverse to the employee as it relates to

the domestic or sexual violence may take unpaid leave from

work to address domestic or sexual violence by:

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1	(A) seeking medical attention for, or recovering
2	from, physical or psychological injuries caused by
3	domestic or sexual violence to the employee or the
4	employee's family or household member;
5	(B) obtaining services from a victim services
6	organization for the employee or the employee's family
7	or household member;
8	(C) obtaining psychological or other counseling
9	for the employee or the employee's family or household
10	member;
11	(D) participating in safety planning, temporarily
12	or permanently relocating, or taking other actions to
13	increase the safety of the employee or the employee's
14	family or household member from future domestic or
15	sexual violence or ensure economic security; or
16	(E) seeking legal assistance or remedies to ensure
17	the health and safety of the employee or the employee's
18	family or household member, including preparing for or
19	participating in any civil or criminal legal
20	proceeding related to or derived from domestic or
21	sexual violence.
22	(2) Period. Subject to subsection (c), an employee
23	working for an employer that employs at least 50 employees
24	shall be entitled to a total of 12 workweeks of leave

during any 12-month period. Subject to subsection (c), an

employee working for an employer that employs at least 15

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but not more than 49 employees shall be entitled to a total of 8 workweeks of leave during any 12-month period. The total number of workweeks to which an employee is entitled shall not decrease during the relevant 12-month period. This Act does not create a right for an employee to take unpaid leave that exceeds the unpaid leave time allowed under, or is in addition to the unpaid leave time permitted by, the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.).

- (3) Schedule. Leave described in paragraph (1) may be taken intermittently or on a reduced work schedule.
- (b) Notice. The employee shall provide the employer with at least 48 hours' advance notice of the employee's intention to take the leave, unless providing such notice is not practicable. When an unscheduled absence occurs, the employer may not take any action against the employee if the employee, upon request of the employer and within a reasonable period after the absence, provides certification under subsection (c).
  - (c) Certification.
- (1) In general. The employer may require the employee must to provide certification to the employer that:
  - (A) the employee or the employee's family or household member is a victim of domestic or sexual violence; and
  - (B) the leave is for one of the purposes enumerated

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in paragraph (a) (1).

The employee shall provide such certification to the employer within a reasonable period after the employer requests certification.

- (2) Contents. An employee may satisfy the certification requirement of paragraph (1) by providing to the employer a sworn statement of the employee, and upon obtaining such documents the employee shall provide:
  - (A) documentation from an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim services organization, an attorney, a member of the clergy, or a medical or other professional from whom the employee or the employee's family or household member has sought assistance in addressing domestic or sexual violence and the effects of the violence;
    - (B) a police or court record; or
    - (C) other corroborating evidence.
- (d) Confidentiality. All information provided to the employer pursuant to subsection (b) or (c), including a statement of the employee or any other documentation, record, or corroborating evidence, and the fact that the employee has requested or obtained leave pursuant to this Section, shall be retained in the strictest confidence by the employer, except to the extent that disclosure is:
- 25 (1) requested or consented to in writing by the 26 employee; or

1 (2) ot	herwise required by applicable federal or State
2 law.	
3 (e) Employs	ment and benefits.
4 (1) Re	storation to position.
5 (A	) In general. Any employee who takes leave under
6 this S	Section for the intended purpose of the leave
7 shall	be entitled, on return from such leave:
8	(i) to be restored by the employer to the
9 po	sition of employment held by the employee when
10 th	e leave commenced; or
11	(ii) to be restored to an equivalent position
12 wi	th equivalent employment benefits, pay, and
13 ot	her terms and conditions of employment.
14 (B	) Loss of benefits. The taking of leave under
15 this S	Section shall not result in the loss of any
16 employ	ment benefit accrued prior to the date on which
17 the lea	ave commenced.
18 (C	) Limitations. Nothing in this subsection shall
19 be con	strued to entitle any restored employee to:
20	(i) the accrual of any seniority or employment
21 be	nefits during any period of leave; or
22	(ii) any right, benefit, or position of
23 em	ployment other than any right, benefit, or
24 po	sition to which the employee would have been
25 en	titled had the employee not taken the leave.
26 (D	) Construction. Nothing in this paragraph shall

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be construed to prohibit an employer from requiring an employee on leave under this Section to report periodically to the employer on the status intention of the employee to return to work.

## (2) Maintenance of health benefits.

- (A) Coverage. Except as provided in subparagraph (B), during any period that an employee takes leave under this Section, the employer shall maintain coverage for the employee and any family or household member under any group health plan for the duration of such leave at the level and under the conditions coverage would have been provided if the employee had continued in employment continuously for the duration of such leave.
- (B) Failure to return from leave. The employer may recover the premium that the employer paid for maintaining coverage for the employee and the employee's family or household member under such group health plan during any period of leave under this Section if:
  - (i) the employee fails to return from leave under this Section after the period of leave to which the employee is entitled has expired; and
  - (ii) the employee fails to return to work for a reason other than:
    - (I) the continuation, recurrence, or onset

1	of domestic or sexual violence that entitles
2	the employee to leave pursuant to this Section;
3	or
4	(II) other circumstances beyond the
5	control of the employee.
6	(C) Certification.
7	(i) Issuance. An employer may require an
8	employee who claims that the employee is unable to
9	return to work because of a reason described in
10	subclause (I) or (II) of subparagraph (B)(ii) to
11	provide, within a reasonable period after making
12	the claim, certification to the employer that the
13	employee is unable to return to work because of
14	that reason.
15	(ii) Contents. An employee may satisfy the
16	certification requirement of clause (i) by
17	providing to the employer:
18	(I) a sworn statement of the employee;
19	(II) documentation from an employee,
20	agent, or volunteer of a victim services
21	organization, an attorney, a member of the
22	clergy, or a medical or other professional from
23	whom the employee has sought assistance in
24	addressing domestic or sexual violence and the
25	effects of that violence;
26	(III) a police or court record; or

1	(IV) other corroborating evidence.
2	(D) Confidentiality. All information provided to
3	the employer pursuant to subparagraph (C), including a
4	statement of the employee or any other documentation,
5	record, or corroborating evidence, and the fact that
6	the employee is not returning to work because of a
7	reason described in subclause (I) or (II) of
8	subparagraph (B)(ii) shall be retained in the
9	strictest confidence by the employer, except to the
10	extent that disclosure is:
11	(i) requested or consented to in writing by the
12	employee; or
13	(ii) otherwise required by applicable federal
14	or State law.
15	(f) Prohibited acts.
16	(1) Interference with rights.
17	(A) Exercise of rights. It shall be unlawful for
18	any employer to interfere with, restrain, or deny the
19	exercise of or the attempt to exercise any right
20	provided under this Section.
21	(B) Employer discrimination. It shall be unlawful
22	for any employer to discharge or harass any individual,
23	or otherwise discriminate against any individual with
24	respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or
25	privileges of employment of the individual (including
26	retaliation in any form or manner) because the

1	individual:
2	(i) exercised any right provided under this
3	Section; or
4	(ii) opposed any practice made unlawful by
5	this Section.
6	(C) Public agency sanctions. It shall be unlawful
7	for any public agency to deny, reduce, or terminate the
8	benefits of, otherwise sanction, or harass any
9	individual, or otherwise discriminate against any
10	individual with respect to the amount, terms, or
11	conditions of public assistance of the individual
12	(including retaliation in any form or manner) because
13	the individual:
14	(i) exercised any right provided under this
15	Section; or
16	(ii) opposed any practice made unlawful by
17	this Section.
18	(2) Interference with proceedings or inquiries. It
19	shall be unlawful for any person to discharge or in any
20	other manner discriminate (as described in subparagraph
21	(B) or (C) of paragraph (1)) against any individual because
22	such individual:
23	(A) has filed any charge, or has instituted or
24	caused to be instituted any proceeding, under or
25	related to this Section;
26	(B) has given, or is about to give, any information

1	in connection with any inquiry or proceeding relating
2	to any right provided under this Section; or
3	(C) has testified, or is about to testify, in any
4	inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided
5	under this Section.
6	(Source: P.A. 96-635, eff. 8-24-09.)".